

# Cloud Height Mission

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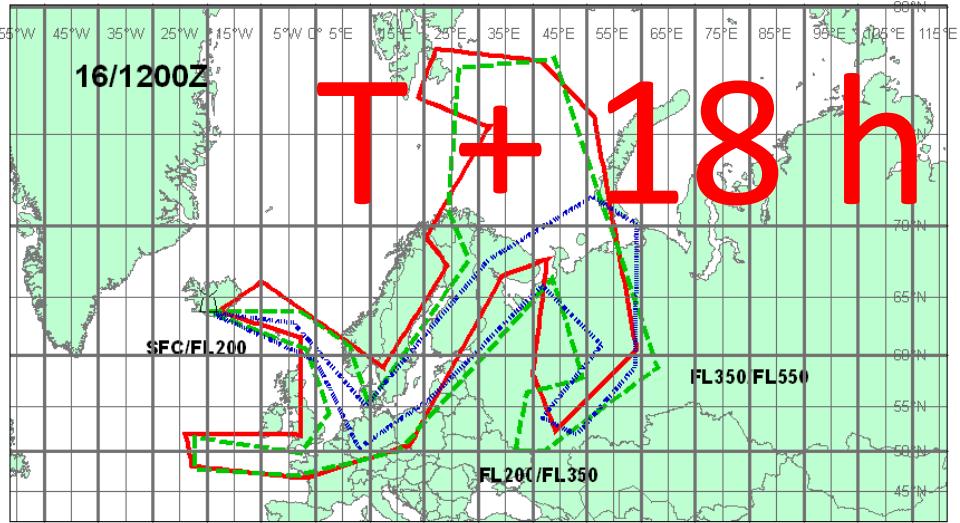
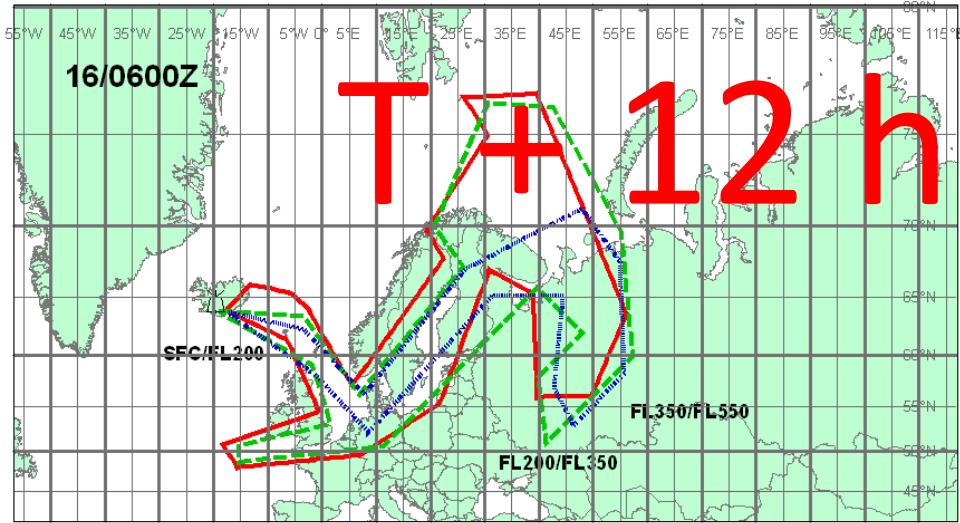
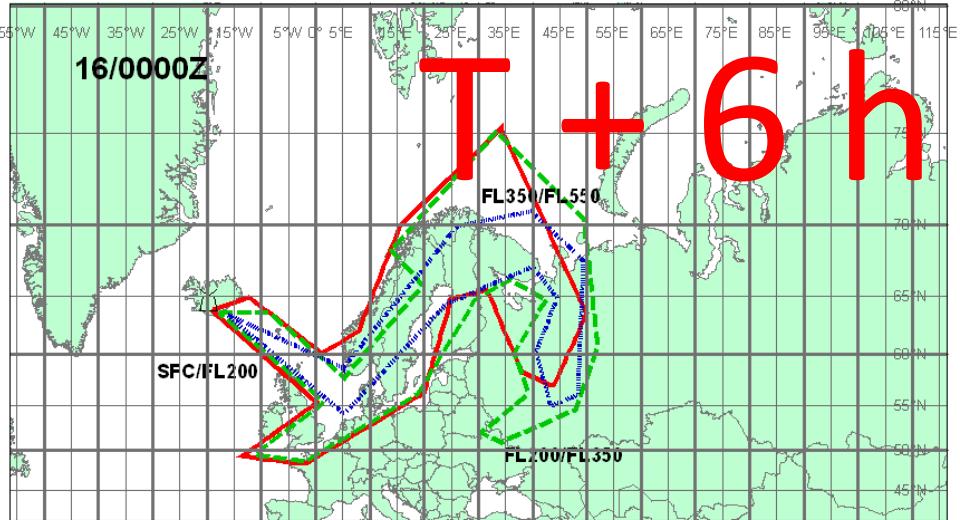
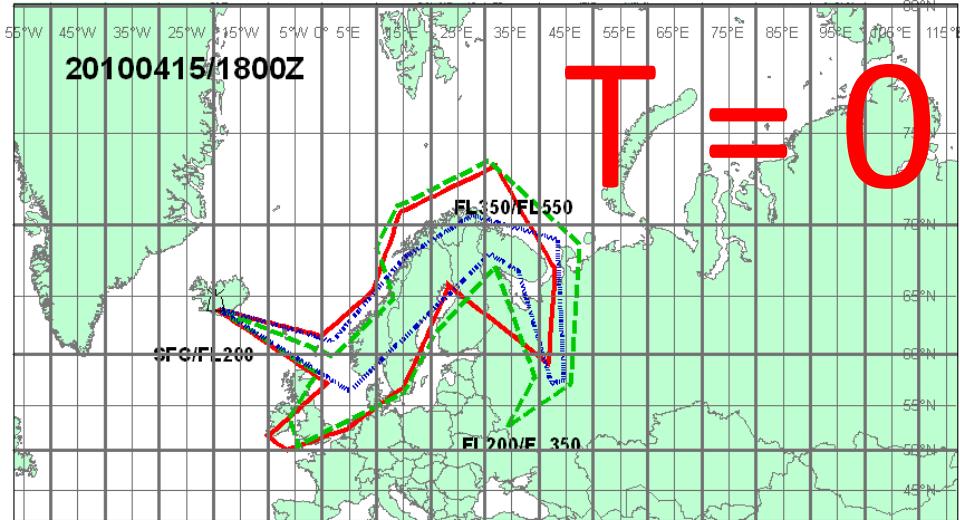
# 1989 Redoubt: KLM flight 867



- ATC: Do you have good sight of the ash plume?
- Pilot: It's just cloudy. It could be ash. It's just a little browner than a normal cloud.
- Pilot: We have to go left now... It's smoky in the cockpit at the moment sir.
- ATC: KLM 867 heavy, rodger, left at your discretion.
- Pilot: Climbing to (flight) level 390, we're in the black cloud, heading 130.
- Pilot: KLM 867 we have **FLAME OUT ALL ENGINES** and we are descending now.
- ATC: KLM 867 heavy... Anchorage.
- Pilot: KLM 867 heavy, we are descending now... **WE ARE IN A FALL!**

# Past encounters with volcanic ash

- 1953–2009: 129 encounters
- Severely damaging: 26
- Engine failure: 9
  - Last in 2006
  - Distance from volcano: 100–930 km
  - Encounter duration: 2–13 min



**VA ADVISORY**  
**DTG:** 20100415/1800Z  
**VAAC:** LONDON  
**VOLCANO:**  
**EYJAFJALLAJOKULL**  
**PSN:** N6338 W01937  
**AREA:** ICELAND

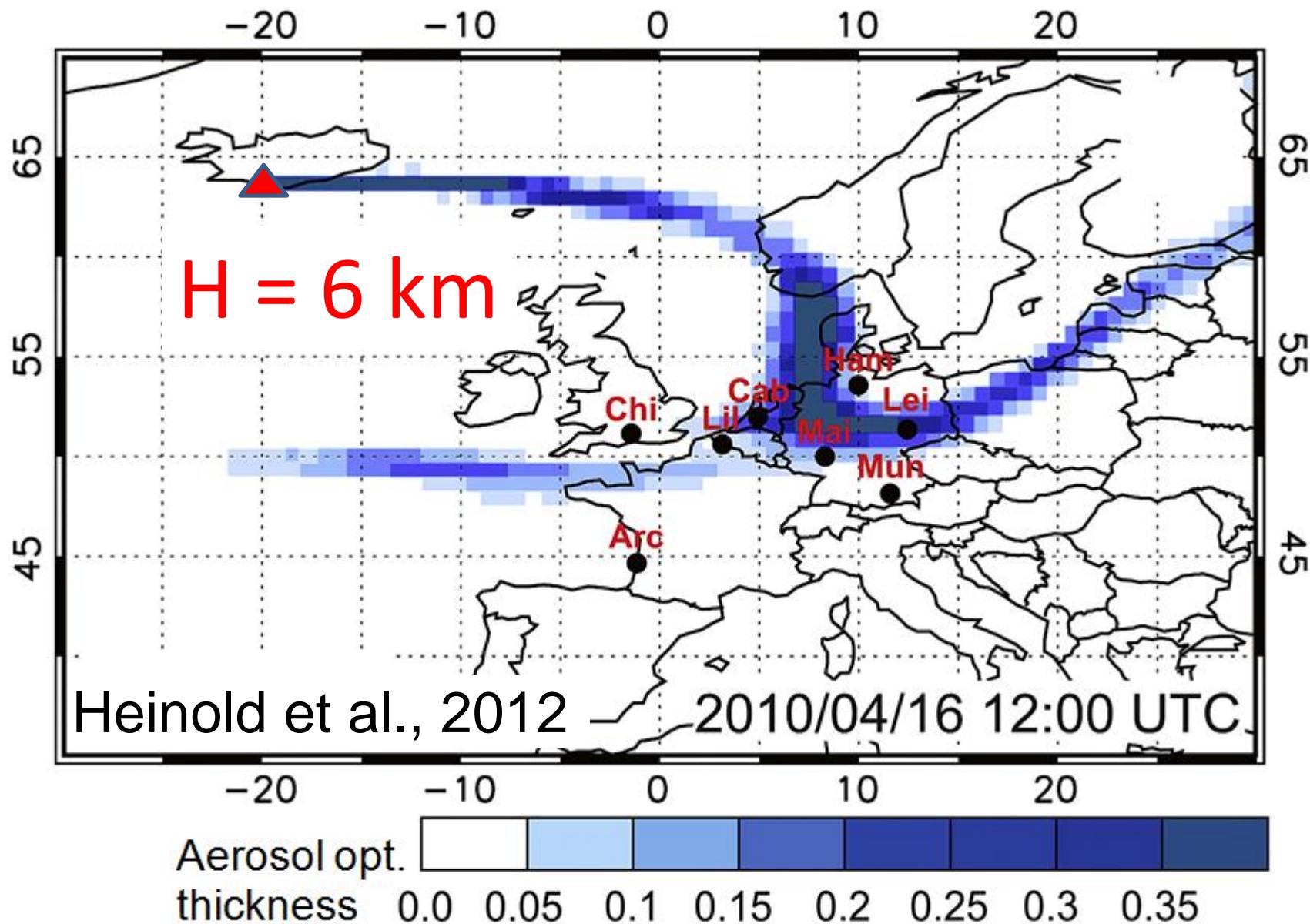
**SUMMIT ELEV:** 1666M  
**ADVISORY NR:** 2010/007  
**INFO SOURCE:** ICELAND MET OFFICE  
**AVIATION COLOUR CODE:** RED  
**ERUPTION DETAILS:** SIGNIFICANT ERUPTION  
 CONTINUING. PLUME REACHING FL150, BUT  
 POSSIBLY OCCASIONALLY TO FL330

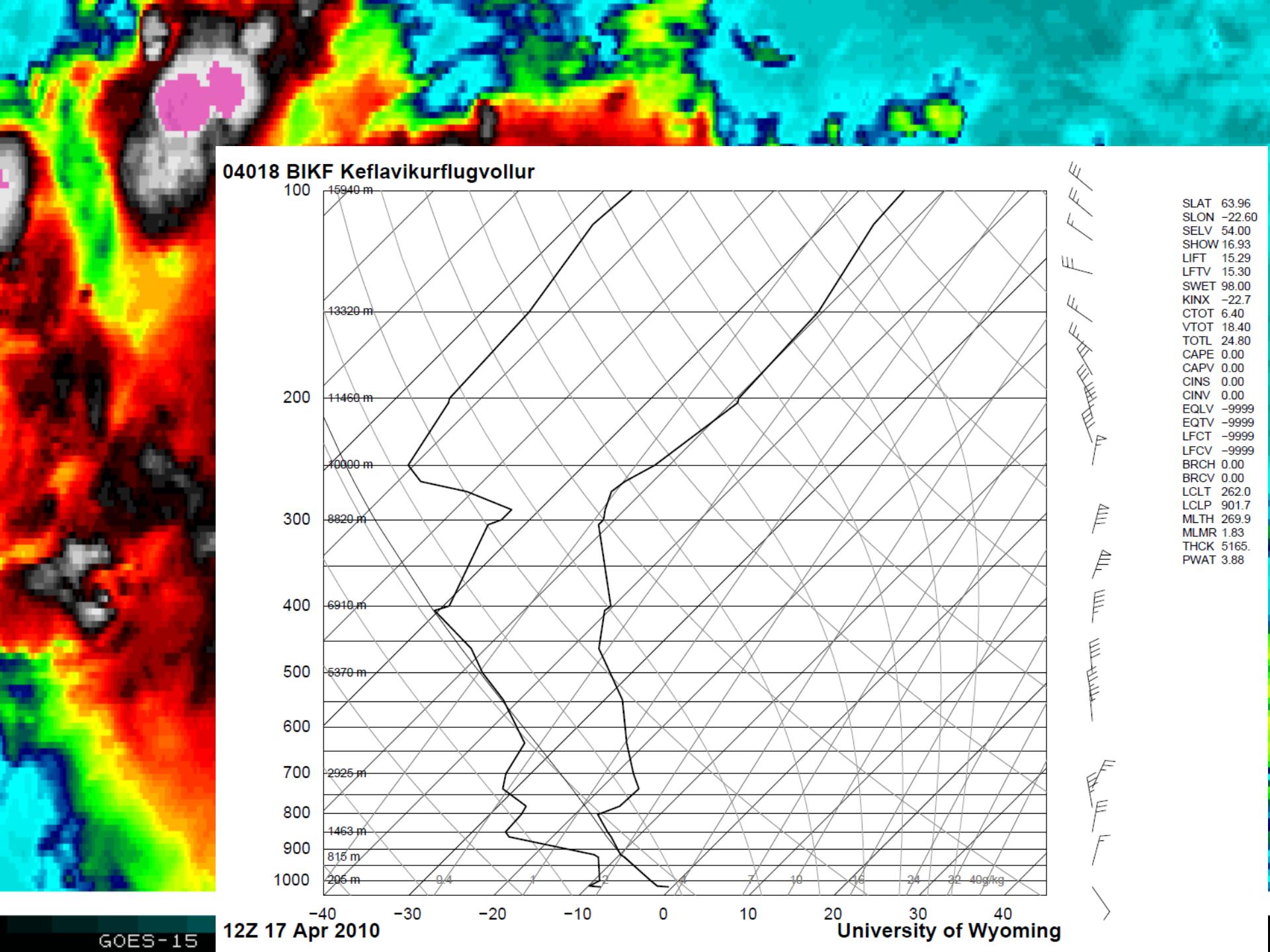
**RMK:** ASH CONCENTRATIONS WITHIN THE INDICATED AREAS ARE UNKNOWN  
**NXT ADVISORY:** 20100416/0000Z

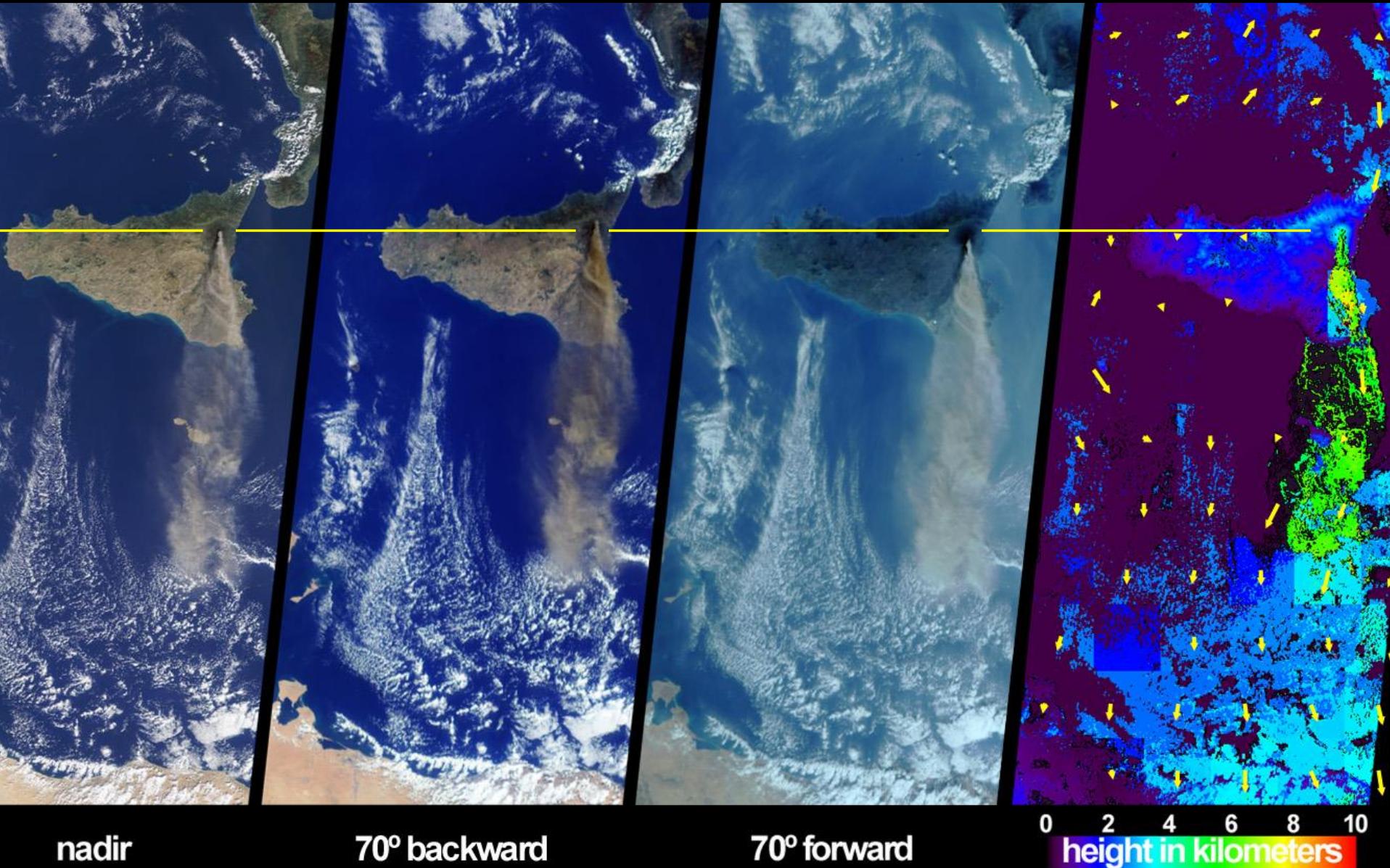


**1.3 billion EUR in 6 days**

# Model of 2010 Eyjafjallajökull eruption

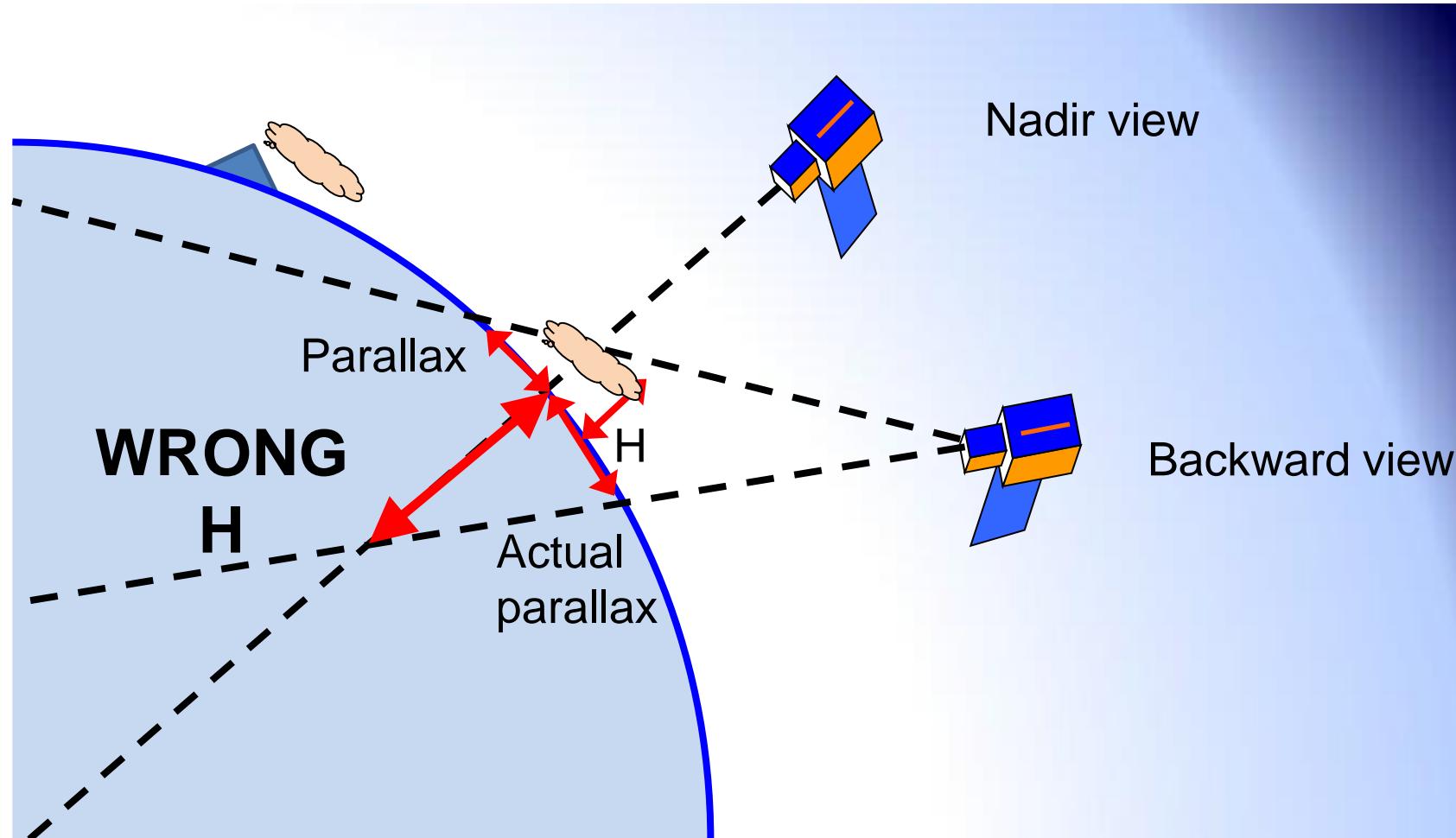






2002 ETNA Eruption; courtesy NASA JPL, MISR Team

# Photogrammetry from a **single** satellite



# **Simultaneous** observations from **2** micro satellites



# Mission objectives

Aviation safety and cost reduction!

- 200 m vertical accuracy
- 150 m relative horizontal accuracy
- revisit 1+ per day
- 5+ retrievals in 1 min (on demand)

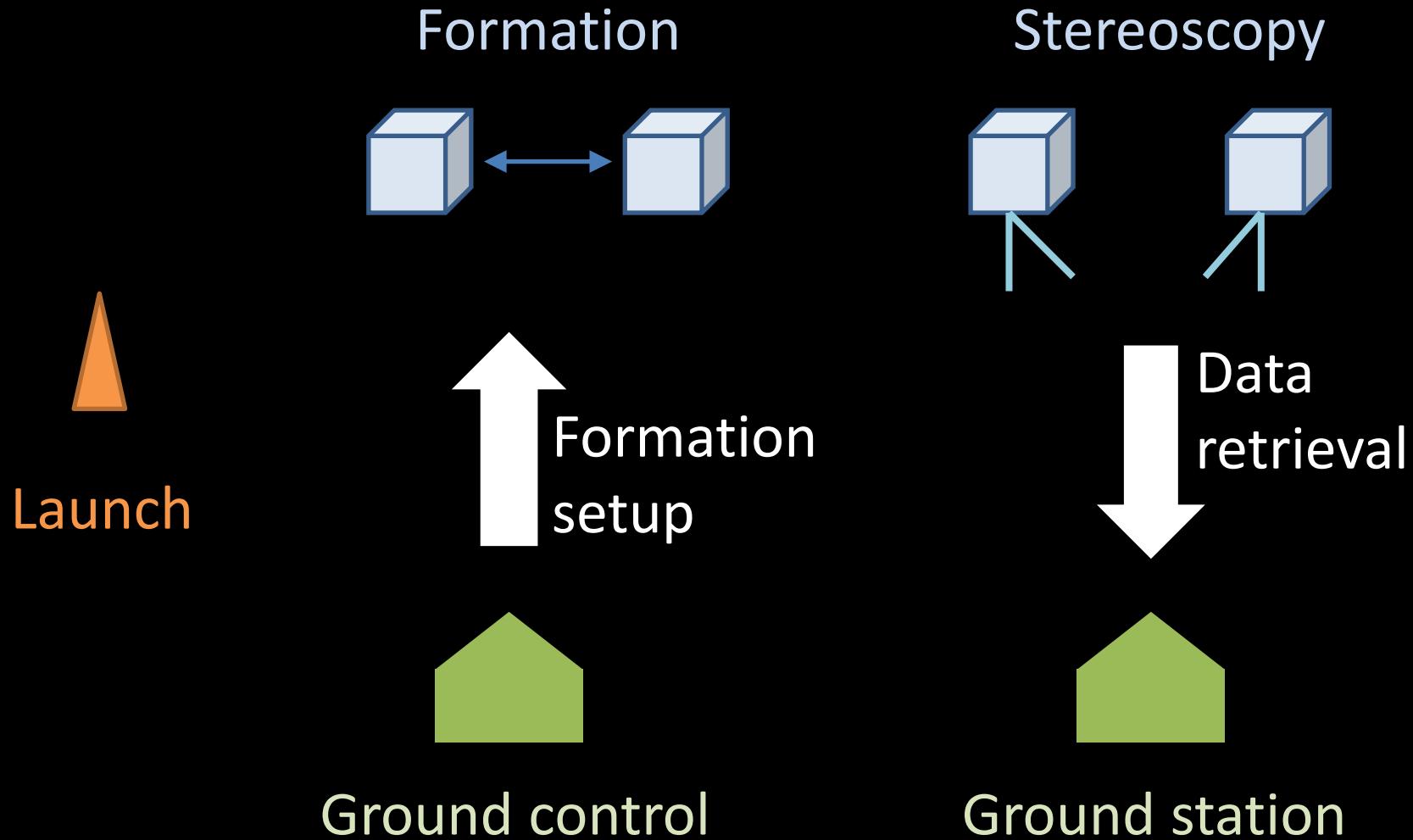
Observe **meteorological** and other **aerosol** clouds!



# Performance parameters

- 2+ satellites in formation; H = 600 km, D = 400 km
- Simultaneous retrieval
- Pointing to the same point
- $\text{resolution}_{\text{VIS}} = 300 \text{ m}$
- $\text{resolution}_{\text{TIR}} = 1500 \text{ m}$

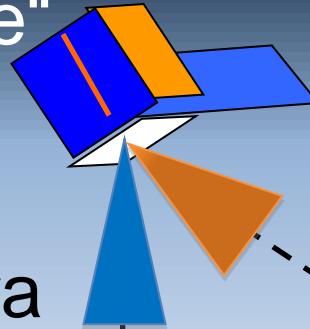
# Operations concept



Satellite 1

„Bonnie“

VIS  
camera

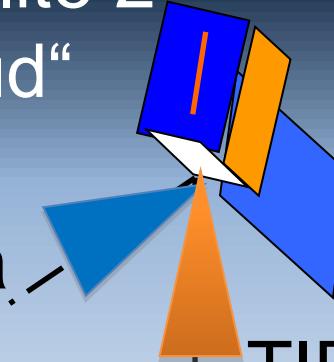


TIR  
camera

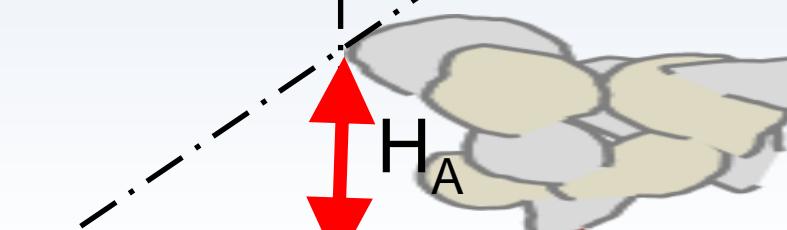
Satellite 2

„Cloud“

VIS  
camera



TIR  
camera

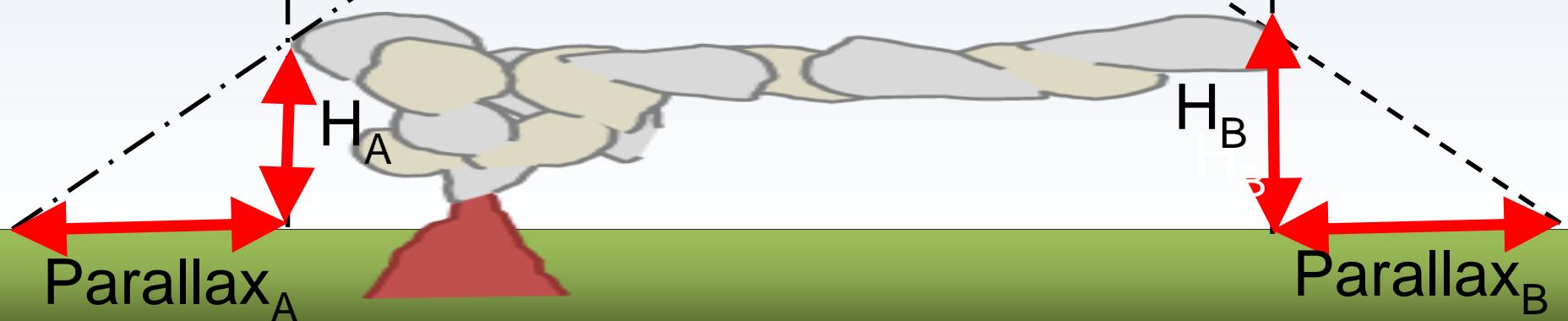


$H_A$

Parallax<sub>A</sub>

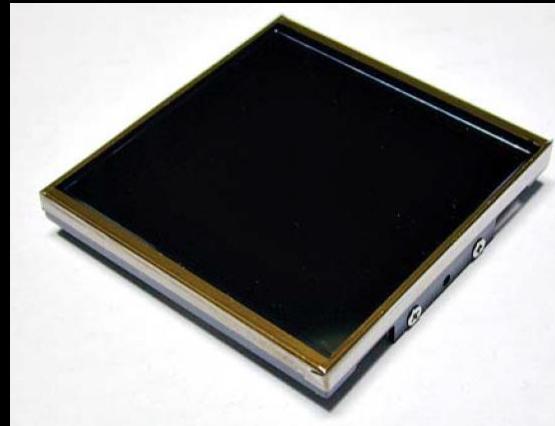
$H_B$

$\text{Parallax}_B$



# Payload

- VIS sensor
  - Fairchild Imaging CCD486
  - 30 mm lense
  - $\text{resolution}_{\text{VIS}} = 300 \text{ m}$
  - Swath = 1200 km
- TIR sensor
  - Teledyne Dalsa / FLIR / Infratec
  - $\text{resolution}_{\text{TIR}} = 1500 \text{ m}$
- GNSS receiver



# General specifications

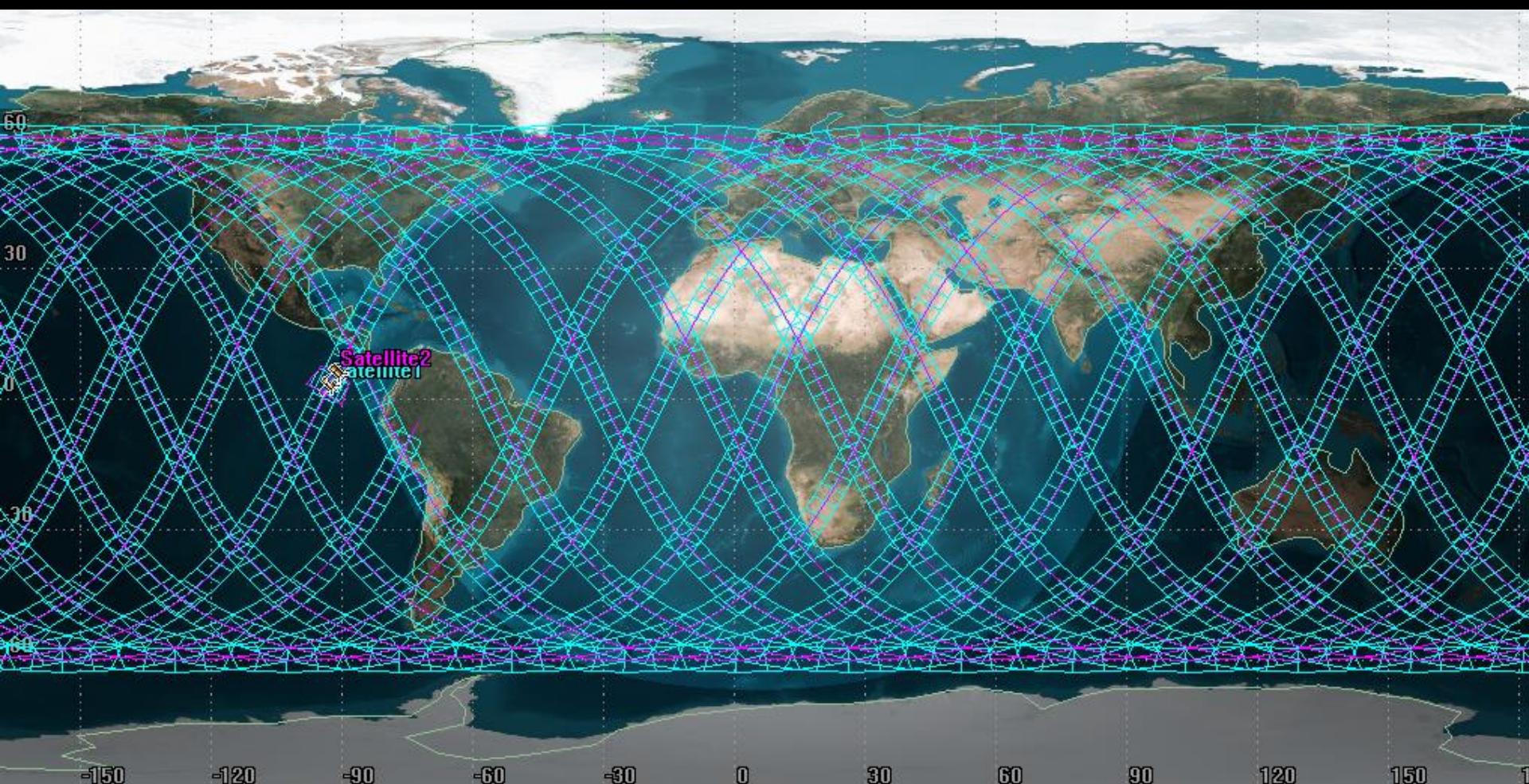
- Total mass < 30 kg
- Dimensions 300×300×300 mm
- ADCS
- Propulsion to start the flight formations
- Deorbiting device (Sail or D-Orbit system)
- Power consumption 22 W (peak)
- Costs ~ 0.5 Million EUR

# Link budget

- 6 ground stations
- 300 MB per orbit

Parameter:	Value:	Units:
<b>Spacecraft:</b>		
Spacecraft Transmitter Power Output:	20,0	watts
In dBW:	13,0	dBW
In dBm:	43,0	dBm
Spacecraft Total Transmission Line Losses:	2,2	dB
Spacecraft Antenna Gain:	5,0	dBi
Spacecraft EIRP:	15,8	dBW
<b>Downlink Path:</b>		
Spacecraft Antenna Pointing Loss:	0,0	dB
S/C-to-Ground Antenna Polarization Loss:	0,2	dB
Path Loss:	167,4	dB
Atmospheric Loss:	2,1	dB
Ionospheric Loss:	0,1	dB
Rain Loss:	0,0	dB
Isotropic Signal Level at Ground Station:	-154,0	dBW
<b>Ground Station (EbNo Method):</b>		
—— Eb/No Method ——		
Ground Station Antenna Pointing Loss:	6,2	dB
Ground Station Antenna Gain:	31,8	dBi
Ground Station Total Transmission Line Losses:	2,0	dB
Ground Station Effective Noise Temperature:	510	K
Ground Station Figure of Merit (G/T):	2,8	dB/K
G.S. Signal-to-Noise Power Density (S/No):	71,2	dBHz
System Desired Data Rate:	1000000	bps
In dBHz:	60,0	dBHz
Telemetry System Eb/No for the Downlink:	11,2	dB
Demodulation Method Selected:	BPSK	
Forward Error Correction Coding Used:	Convolutional R=1/2, K=7	
System Allowed or Specified Bit-Error-Rate:	1,0E-06	
Demodulator Implementation Loss:	0	dB
Telemetry System Required Eb/No:	4,8	dB
Eb/No Threshold:	4,8	dB
<b>System Link Margin:</b>	<b>6,4</b>	<b>dB</b>

# Inclined orbit



- Active volcanoes in last 10,000 years

Density of airlane routes

# Risks

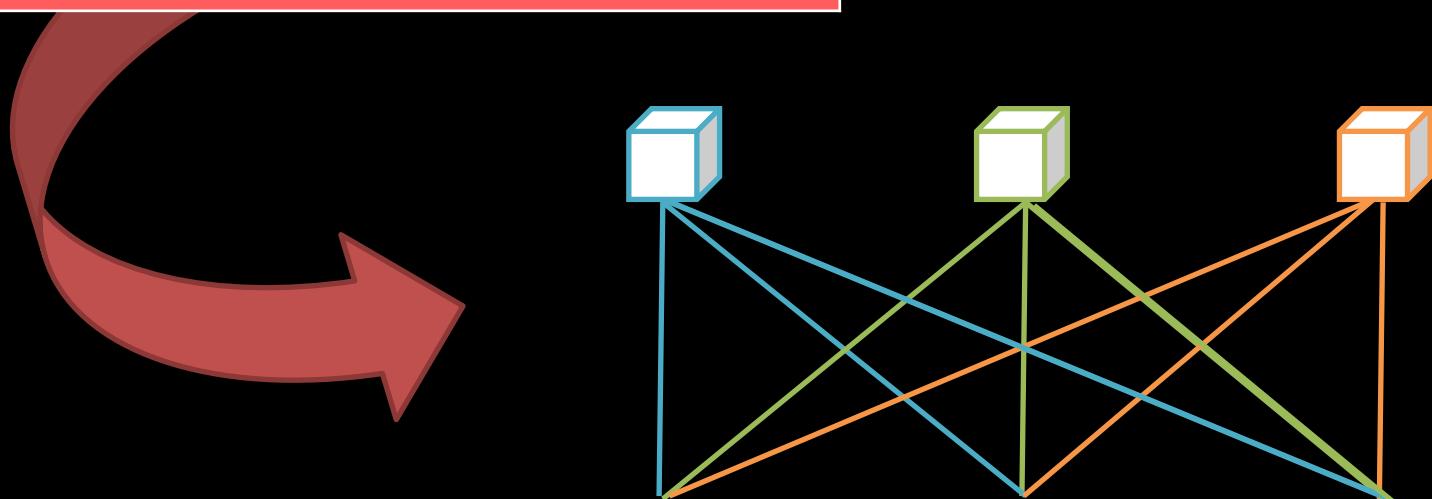
Ground station without access

Sensors failure

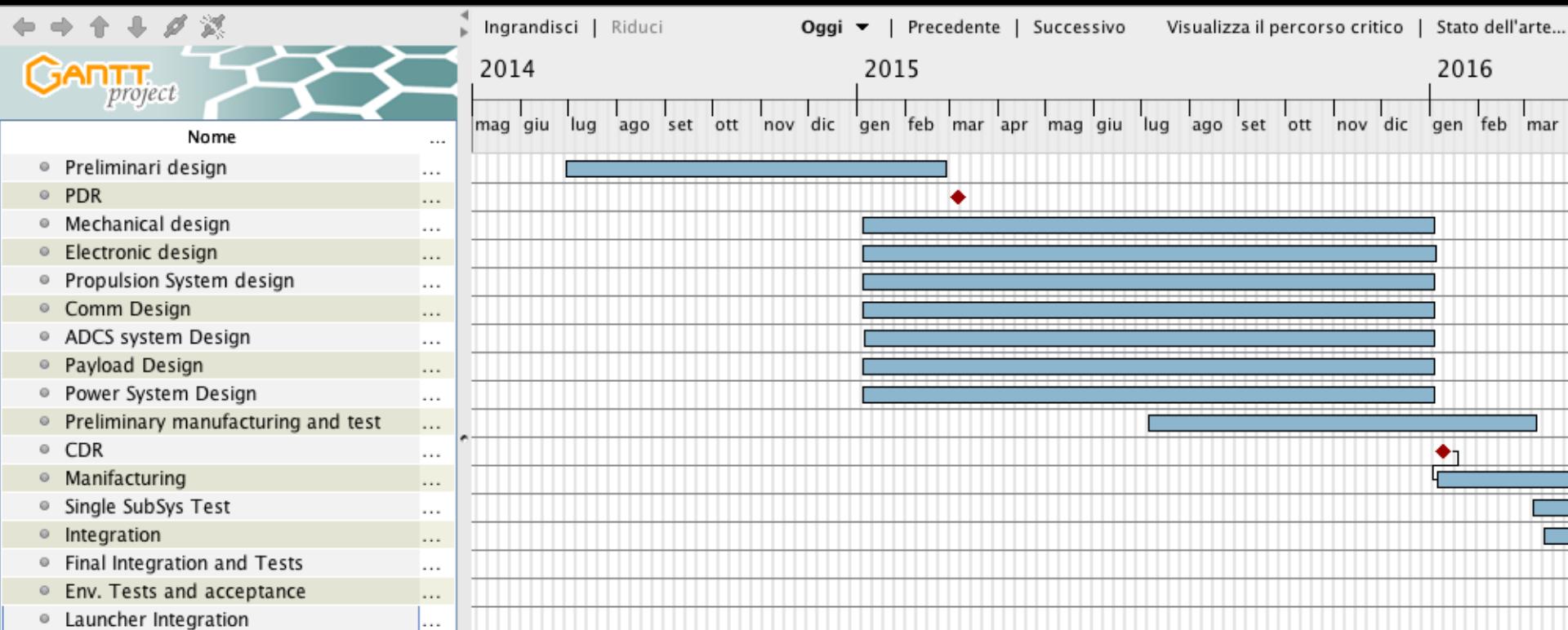
Launch System failure →  
Loss of both satellite

Pointing manoeuvre failure

One of satellite fails in orbit



# Concept



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Zakšek, K., et al.:

Monitoring volcanic ash cloud top height through  
simultaneous retrieval of optical data from polar orbiting  
and geostationary satellites

Atmos. Chem. Phys., 13, 2589-2606,  
doi:10.5194/acp-13-2589-2013